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Vol. XXXVII, No. 9939

NEITHER cries of anguish nor expressions of horror have persuaded an authoritarian regime to soften its policies. The Government of Morocco will pay scant heed to the deaths of 43 Jews escaping from that country when legal exit was forbidden them. The attitude of Rabat to the question of free emigration of Jews is hardly better than that of Moscow. Both claim that the Jews of their respective countries enjoy such good conditions that, even were they allowed to leave, they would not go anywhere else in the world, least of all to Israel. But Rabat and Moscow both deny "their" Jews the right to choose where to live.

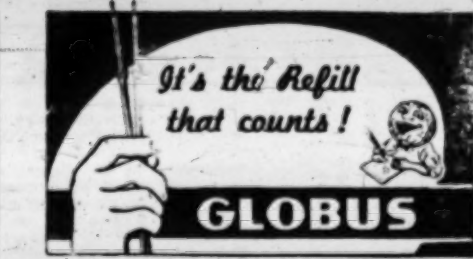
More has been heard of the efforts of the Soviet authorities to prevent Jews from freely enjoying their own way of life than of the fate of the Jews of Morocco. This is partly because the press of the West is more interested in what is happening in the Soviet Union and is eager to publicize facts which bring discredit on Communism. But Morocco is being wooed by the American and it is not considered politically momentous to deal with a large part of its citizens in a manner which enlightened nations hold to be inhuman.

The deaths of 43 Jews attempting to escape Morocco may perhaps bring the world's conscience and draw its attention to the fact that something is wrong under the rule of King Mohammed. The treatment of the Jews has always been a burning rod for the decency of a regime.

Were one not so immunized to tales of Jewish woe by the events of the past decades, one's blood would curdle at the news that has come from the North African kingdom. The retail trade in which most of the Jews made their living has almost been scuttled. Foreign charitable organizations are being asked to work freely in the community. The number of bodily attacks on Jews steadily increases, and the police do nothing, while the abduction of Jewish women is even encouraged. There may be a number of Jews in Casablanca so comfortably off that they can live in much the same way as before the Moroccan Government became so friendly with Abdul Nasser. But the large part of the Jewish community lives in misery with no prospect of an early alleviation.

Were their lives not made miserable, the emigrants would not have faced such dangers in their attempt to escape. That is the simple truth. That they should have set their compass eastwards is simple logic. This is because the State of Israel was created exactly for such emergency. It is among other things a haven for those who find life in their homeland so uncomfortable that they must root themselves up and get away from it. Israel is hardly likely to make war on Morocco — and certainly no one else will — and the Rabat authorities can boast of safety from retribution for their ill-treatment of a minority. But no display of callousness in the world has ever prevented the Jewish people from trusting that ultimately justice will be done, nor stopped them from proclaiming to the world where justice is. The Struma disaster of 1942 is a stain on the record of those politicians responsible for the conditions prevailing in those days. The death of the passengers of the Pisces will not prevent the exodus from Morocco. But one would have wished the rulers of Morocco to have begun a cleaner page in history.

AUSTRIA EXPECTS RESTITUTION ACCORD VIENNA (INA). Foreign Minister Bruno Kreisky yesterday expressed confidence that Austro-German negotiations on the German Embassy here have repeatedly declared that Bonn is willing to pay 1,000,000 schillings (\$88.5m) provided Austria pays the same sum.



## Council Votes Down Censure of Belgium

UNITED NATIONS (AP). — The Security Council on Saturday rejected a Soviet-backed resolution censuring Belgium for permitting transit of Congolese troops through the trust territory of Ruanda-Urundi.

The vote on the proposal — sponsored by the U.A.R., Liberia and Ceylon — was four in favour, none against and seven abstaining. Seven affirmative votes are required for approval.

The resolution would have found Belgium guilty of violating General Assembly resolutions calling on the Belgian Government to refrain from interfering in Congo affairs, and particularly from using the territory of Ruanda-Urundi in such interference.

The Soviet Union had insisted that the U.N. oust Belgium from the trusteeship system. The defeated proposal simply recommended that the General Assembly declare that Belgium had violated the Trusteeship Agreement under which it administers the territory.

The Council debate grew out of a Soviet charge that Belgian authorities permitted the troops of Col. Joseph Mobutu to cross Ruanda-Urundi to launch an attack on Lumumba-led Kivu Province on January 1.

Since this was the only action on the Soviet complaint, the Council adjourned without any action on the Soviet complaint.

In Leopoldville the U.N. reported that ex-Premier Lumumba was still safely under guard on Saturday morning following his brief spell of "fury" during Friday's mutiny.

## Walloon Socialists Ask King for More Self-Rule

BRUSSELS. — King Baudouin of the Belgians was urged yesterday to grant more self-government to the two halves of his country — the Flemish-speaking north and the French-speaking south, known as Wallonia.

The request was made by five Walloon Socialist leaders during a 45-minute audience with the King. They handed him a 10-page document drafted by a congress of Walloon nationalists and federalists near Namur.

Before the Socialist delegation started for the Royal Palace, a conference was held to review the situation created by the adoption by the Lower House on Friday night of the Austerity Bill, target of the Socialist strike waves which began 26 days ago.

The Bill, approved by 115 votes to 80, makes severe cuts in social welfare services and imposes a wide range of higher taxes.

The Antwerp Socialist newspaper "De Pers" yesterday published an appeal from the regional Socialist trade unions calling on all workers in the Antwerp and Ghent area to resume work tomorrow, saying that passage of the Austerity Bill has altered the situation.

The Namur Congress, at which 400 Socialist Walloon senators, deputies and burgomasters were represented, passed a resolution claiming for Wallonia the right to self-determination and "to choose for herself the road towards economic and social expansion."

The resolution also declared that the present "centralizing policy is accentuating and speeding the deterioration in Wallonia's economic situation and abruptly poses the problem of Belgium's political structure."

The economic crisis crippling Wallonia's coal mining, steel and light industries has heightened the danger of a split in the country, the predominantly Catholic Flemish north and the mainly Socialist south. Just under three-fifths of Belgium's nine million population are Flemish. Just under two-fifths are Walloons and the rest are mixed.

(Reuters, AP)

## Jordanians Hold Young Trespassers

Two boys, aged seven and nine, are being held by Jordan after having wandered across the lines near their homes in southern Jerusalem yesterday. They are Sasson Aiz of Mekor Haim and Shimon Givoli of Katamon.

Police contacted Jordan through the Mixed Armistice Commission, after a search of the area failed to turn up any trace of the boys. The parents had reported them missing since the morning. Towards evening, the Jordanians replied that the two boys were in their hands.

The Israeli authorities hope for the boys' early return.

## AMERICANS ABROAD MAY NOT HOLD GOLD

WASHINGTON (AP). — The U.S. on Saturday barred U.S. citizens and firms overseas from holding gold or securities deposited abroad.

The order, issued in August 1953 by President Franklin D. Roosevelt prohibiting citizens in this country from holding gold.

The order, signed by President Eisenhower, was another step aimed at halting the drain of American-owned gold resulting from the imbalance of payments between exports and imports.

The order amends an executive order issued in August 1953 by President Franklin D. Roosevelt prohibiting citizens in this country from holding gold.

## Jewish Group In Morocco Sees Crown Prince

RABAT. — A delegation from the Casablanca Jewish population was received by Crown Prince Moulay Hassan, Moroccan Deputy Premier, in Casablanca on Friday, reliable sources said here yesterday.

Official circles made no comment on the interview, which followed the sinking of the Honduran yacht, Pisces, off Morocco three days ago. The yacht was carrying Moroccan emigrants to Israel, of whom 43 were lost.

Unconfirmed reports from Casablanca also said recently that Jews in Morocco were increasingly complaining of ill-treatment and discrimination and official obstruction to would-be emigrants to Israel.

The bodies of five passengers of the yacht have been found off Tangier. They were identified by police as those of Manasse Haron, waiter at the Cafe de la Paix, Boulevard Mohammed V, Casablanca; Raphael Benaroch, tailor, aged 28, his wife, and their son Jacques, of 115 Rue de Strasbourg, Casablanca; and Marouche Douzaliou, a footballer, 19, of Sale.

The pro-Government newspaper "El Anar" said yesterday that "complaints from the Jews should not be listened to. The authorities are entitled to bring the case to court with a charge of plotting against the security of the state. The state should not be lenient towards those who support Zionism and jeopardize Morocco's policy."

The newspaper "Al Fajr" said the sinking of the yacht, which was carrying a group of Moroccan Jews to the Promised Land to attack the Arabs, throws light on Spain's intentions towards Arabism and jeopardize Morocco's policy.

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 7)

## Reid Resigns As US Envoy

The White House in Washington has announced the resignation of Mr. Ogden R. Reid, Ambassador to Israel. This is one of many resignations by other appointees of the Republican Administration following the election of Mr. Kennedy as President.

It takes effect on January 21, the day after Mr. Kennedy's inauguration. Mr. Reid, 52, is expected to leave on the same day with his four children, the youngest of whom was born in Tel Aviv.

The economic crisis crippling Wallonia's coal mining, steel and light industries has heightened the danger of a split in the country, the predominantly Catholic Flemish north and the mainly Socialist south. Just under three-fifths of Belgium's nine million population are Flemish. Just under two-fifths are Walloons and the rest are mixed.

Foreign Ministry circles in Jerusalem last night expressed their regret at Mr. Reid's resignation.

Mr. Reid's letter, sent last December 20, reads:

It has been a high privilege — both officially and personally — to have the opportunity of serving under your leadership as Ambassador to Israel. The time of respect and friendship between Israel and the U.S. are growing ever stronger. They clearly reflect shared beliefs in the fundamental principles of democracy, the responsibilities of an enlightened citizenship and a basic desire to help all men achieve a brighter future.

I hereby submit my resignation to take effect during your pleasure. May I add — only as a footnote — that I realize my service of one year and a half at this post has been short. Accordingly, in the unlikely circumstances that the incoming administration should suggest my completing a normal term — I would feel it my duty to give this consideration.

As an American representative overseas, one is especially aware of the signal contribution you have made as President to the furtherance of peace with justice. All Americans are very grateful we cannot truly put into words.

Mary Louise (Mrs. Reid) joins me in extending our very best wishes to you and Mrs. Eisenhower.

With warm regards,  
Ogden R. Reid, Ambassador  
President Eisenhower

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With warm regards,  
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President Eisenhower

# President Intervenes to Save Cabinet; Rosen Said Offering Resignation Lavon May Be Asked to Quit

By SHAY SHAPIRO, Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The crisis within Mapai may be resolved soon by the resignation of Mr. Pinhas Lavon as Histadrut Secretary-General even before formation of the special committee decided upon by the Party Secretariat.

Mr. Levi Eshkol told the Secretariat on Friday that he was now personally convinced that Mr. Lavon should go.

The special committee is to investigate Mr. Lavon's statements to the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee and the effect they have had on the party.

It is considered likely in party circles that the Histadrut Secretary-General will be asked by a representative delegation to give up his post for the sake of party unity.

The bodies of five passengers of the yacht have been found off Tangier. They were identified by police as those of Manasse Haron, waiter at the Cafe de la Paix, Boulevard Mohammed V, Casablanca; Raphael Benaroch, tailor, aged 28, his wife, and their son Jacques, of 115 Rue de Strasbourg, Casablanca; and Marouche Douzaliou, a footballer, 19, of Sale.

There was no indication yesterday as to the membership of the special investigation committee, nor is it known whether the groups appointed will be discussed at all at Kfar Hayarok.

There were more outspoken views expressed at Friday's meeting of the Party Secretariat.

Mr. Eshkol stated that he had personally arrived at the conclusion that the only way out was for Mr. Lavon to leave his Histadrut post. He added that such a move would not shake his conviction that Mr. Lavon was justified in seeking his own rehabilitation — as expressed by the findings of the Ministerial Committee.

Mr. Moshe Sharett expressed dissatisfaction with the speeches of both Mr. Ben-Gurion and Mr. Lavon to the Central Committee. He, Mr. Zalman Aranne and Mr. Mordecai Namir urged that Mr. Ben-Gurion should remain Prime Minister but that Mr. Lavon must not be relieved of his post without getting a proper hearing in the party.

Mrs. Yehudit Simoni, head of the Histadrut Political Department, admitted that she had lost faith in Mr. Lavon.

The Secretariat ended its meeting without arriving at any conclusion.

Meanwhile, the General Zionist and the Herut Knesset factions have appealed to the Chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee to place the "Affair" again on the agenda of its next meeting. Herut wants a general discussion on the "inconsistencies" between what Mr. Ben-Gurion had told the Committee at the outset of the "Affair" hearings, and what he told Mapai.

Even the high political developments make it necessary for me to accept your resignation as Ambassador to Israel effective January 21, 1961. I do so with great personal regret. I think it would be advantageous to the country if you could remain in public service and I am sorry that I know of no way of retaining you there. Both you and Mary Louise have represented our country with distinction. The intense effort and zeal with which you approached your job have meant much to the strengthening of our friendship with the Israel people who, I know, hold you in highest esteem.

You have expressed the gratitude of your fellow countrymen for a job well done and I am deeply grateful to both you and Mary Louise.

With warm regards,  
Dwight D. Eisenhower

Dear Mr. President:

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Mary Louise (Mrs. Reid) joins me in extending our very best wishes to you and Mrs. Eisenhower.

With warm regards,  
Ogden R. Reid, Ambassador  
President Eisenhower

Dear Mr. President:

## BEN-ZVI TO MEET MINISTERS TODAY

By ARI RATH, Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

The President has invited Prime Minister Ben-Gurion and the seven Ministers who were members of the Ministerial Committee on the "Affair" to attend "informal talks" at Beit Hanaasi at nine o'clock this morning, prior to the Cabinet session. The meeting is being convened on Mr. Ben-Zvi's initiative in an effort to prevent a major Government crisis.

## B-G Says Charges Unanswered

The Prime Minister last night issued a rejoinder to Mr. Pinhas Lavon's accusations against him made at Thursday night's meeting of the Mapai Central Committee. Mr. Ben-Gurion said:

"To put the record straight: I heard Mr. Lavon's statement following my talk to the Mapai Central Committee last Thursday night. Mr. Lavon did not deny nor disprove a single one of the things said; not what I said about his pure and unadulterated evidence before the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee in October 1960 nor the things that I had learned in the past few months concerning his actions and behaviour as Minister of Defence in 1964."

But Mr. Lavon added something to my words, as in our private conversation I had suggested to him, as a sort of satisfaction, to 'acknowledge' the senior officer. This story is a figment of his imagination, and was said only to distract our attention from the bitter truth. Mr. Lavon's fabrication only proves to me that one should not talk to him without the presence of witnesses."

Mr. Lavon added that I later announced in public he was free to bring his case before the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee. Whoever is willing to take the trouble to read the newspapers of October 2, 1960, in which my statement was published, will find that these words are false.

Mr. Lavon spoke of the 'stupid lie' of a man who was one of the best men of the Hagana and the Army, who was supposedly forced by someone, as he is custom, Mr. Lavon does not give names to give this 'false testimony'. Mr. Lavon said that he did not know this young man. I know him from his work in the Israel Defence Forces and I believe that he is incapable of giving false testimony neither out of greed nor out of stupidity. Nor is he a man who would succumb to pressure from someone to tell lies.

Mr. Lavon claims, 'that I became the Senior Officer most devoted defence counsel'. This is the opposite of the truth. Immediately after receiving the Cohn Committee report I suspended his service in the Army and after receiving the final opinion of the Attorney-General — I ordered the termination of his service in the Army. However, I believed all along and I believe so now too, that the Senior Officer's right to clear

Late last night Mr. Lavon announced that he would reply to Mr. Ben-Gurion's accusations in a few days' time. He said that he had read of Mr. Ben-Gurion's charges against him only a short time before the Mapai Central Committee meeting on Thursday night, and had not had time to prepare a detailed reply. He had only made an impromptu statement before the Committee, he added.

(See Pg 3, Col. 2)

## LAVON TO REPLY

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**Social & Personal**

The President yesterday received Mr. Zeev Hakey, European Commissioner of the Jewish Agency's Diaspora Education and Culture Department.

Mr. Eliahu Dobkin, Chairman of the President of Keren Hayesod, last night addressed a banquet given to the Second Canadian Study Mission by State of Israel Bonds and Keren Hayesod.

The Mission also heard an address by Dr. Y. Arnon, Director-General of the Ministry of Finance. On Friday the Mission laid a wreath on the grave of Theodore Herzl and was received by the Minister of Social Welfare.

The Mission visited the Hebrew University on Friday and was received by Mr. E. Geber, Chairman of the University's Executive Council.

The Deputy President of the Supreme Court and Mrs. Agnes gave a reception on Saturday night for Professor and Mrs. Norman Ben-Zur. Among the guests were the Minister of Justice, the President and Justices of the Supreme Court, the Attorney-General, the Dean and Professors of the Law Faculty, Dr. Dov Joseph and Mr. E. Geber.

The Japanese Minister, Mr. Yoshikazu Tanaka, addressed the Commercial and Industrial Club in Tel Aviv on Friday.

The Governor of the Province of Buenos Aires, Mr. Oscar Alende, Mrs. Alende and their son, on Thursday visited the Weizmann Institute. The Weizmanns were later entertained to luncheon by Dr. Amos Manor, Secretary-General of the Rehovot Conference. On Friday, Mr. Alende visited the Wizo Mothercraft and Child Care Centre in Tel Aviv.

Mr. Heuven Rubin, the painter and Mrs. Rubin on Saturday gave a reception at their home in Tel Aviv for Miss Louise Rainer, the film star. Among those present were the Ambassadors of the U.K. and the U.S. and the Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission.

**BIRTH AND DEATHS**  
GABRIEL — To Esther and Seika, wife of Mr. M. Gabriel, Public Relations Officer, Israel Railways, a son, Yehuda, on January 15, at the Herta Hospital, Haifa, at 11 a.m.

**BAR-MITZVA**  
The Director-General of the Ministry of Defence, Mr. A. Ben-Nathan, and Mrs. Ben-Nathan, held a reception at Beit Hamin on Saturday to mark the Bar Mitzva of their son Amnon. Among those present were the Prime Minister, the Minister of Commerce and Industry, the Deputy Minister of Defence and the Chief of Staff.

**Where to go**  
JERUSALEM  
\* Five o'clock tea — Herta Hotel, Tel Aviv, Tel. 2440 (90-90).  
\* Jewish Club — Open Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday night 9:30 for members, open to all. Music, Tel. 2440 (90-90).  
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## Georgia Students Have to Keep Quiet About Campus Negroes

ATHENS, Georgia (UPI). — Two Negroes, removed from the University of Georgia after their first day there because of race rioting, will return tomorrow, and University officials said any White student who objects out loud may be suspended.

Any students proved to be involved in violence such as that which resulted in the temporary suspension last Wednesday night of Charles Hunter, Jr., and Hamilton Holmes, Jr., will be removed from the University.

Dean of Students Joseph Williams said, Holmes and Hunter were taken from college under Dr. Williams' orders "for their own safety." The Dean said the University has now been assured of every assistance from the State Governor and local authorities in maintaining order on campus.

Their removal came only a few hours before Federal District Judge W. A. Riffe, sitting in Macon, ordered a temporary injunction against State officials that had permitted the removal of the two Negroes. The injunction was issued after a hearing in which the State officials had argued that the removal of the two Negroes was necessary for the safety of the campus.

The removal of the two Negroes was a result of a riot that broke out on Wednesday night. The riot was the first of its kind in the history of the University of Georgia.

The riot resulted in the arrest of at least 12 students and nine adults. The students were charged with rioting and disturbing the peace. The adults were charged with aiding and abetting the riot.

The riot was the result of a dispute between the two Negroes and a group of White students. The dispute was over a matter of race and religion.

The riot was the first of its kind in the history of the University of Georgia. It was a result of the long-standing tensions between the two races in the South.

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## Rabbi of the Screen Stars

As the Rabbi of Temple Israel, Hollywood, Rabbi Nussbaum can claim to have made a most unusual contribution to Judaism: by bringing into the fold Elizabeth Taylor and Mike Todd. Nussbaum explains that both converts were actuated by profound spiritual convictions, and they studied Judaism many months and know more about most aspects of it than the average Jew-by-birth.

He says that Elizabeth Taylor was interested in Judaism even before she married Mike Todd. Her parents were Christian Scientists and their beliefs held no particular attraction for her. Mike Todd, however, was interested in Judaism from the very beginning.

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## LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post January 15, 1961

**In the Supreme Court Sitting As Court of Civil Appeals**  
Before Justices Sussman, Ben-Zion and Cohn  
Yachad Cooperative Society Ltd. & Others, Applicants v. Zvi Shimanaki, Respondent (Motion 55/60).

**Arbitration Clause in Cooperative Societies Rules Imposes No Statutory Obligation**  
The Supreme Court dismissed an application for leave to appeal against a decision of the Haifa District Court (in Motion 90/60).

The respondent, Zvi Shimanaki, is a member of the Yachad Cooperative Society. When a dispute arose between him and the Society, he brought the matter before the Haifa District Court. The Society applied to the court to stay proceedings on the grounds that the dispute should be referred to arbitration.

The Supreme Court dismissed the application for leave to appeal. It held that the arbitration clause in the Society's rules did not impose a statutory obligation on the members to arbitrate.

The Court held that the arbitration clause was a private arrangement between the members of the Society and did not have the force of law. Therefore, the members were not bound to arbitrate.

The Court also held that the arbitration clause did not prevent the members from bringing their disputes before the court. The members were free to choose the method of dispute resolution.

The Court's decision is a landmark ruling in the area of arbitration. It clarifies the legal status of arbitration clauses in cooperative societies.

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## The Weather

FORECAST: Partly cloudy, gradually becoming cloudy with possibility of rain later on.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS: A cold front over Turkey is slowly progressing south-eastwards.

Jerusalem	7-13	4-13
Tiberias	6-17	6-17
Haifa	7-17	6-17
Nazareth	7-17	6-17
T.A. Kirya	7-18	7-18
T.A. Port	7-18	7-18
Lydda Airp.	7-19	7-19
Jerusalem	7-19	7-19
Beer Sheva	7-19	7-19
Sdom	7-19	7-19
Eilat	7-21	7-21
Nazareth	8-21	8-21
A. Humidity at 3 p.m. 80		

Today's Temperature range: C.

## ARRIVALS

Dr. Felix Shinnar, Head of the Israel Mission in Cologne (by A.I.).

Mr. Samuel Zuckerman, personal representative of the American film producer, Stanley Kramer, and Mr. Richard McWhorter, production director, for a two-week visit in connection with the filming next year in Israel of "My Glorious Brothers," based on Howard Fast's book (by B.E.A.).

## High School Teachers To Start Non-Cooperation

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—The secondary school teachers will launch an administrative boycott of the Ministry of Education as of the end of this coming week. The spokesman of the Teachers Association told The Jerusalem Post last night.

The move is in protest at the procrastination of the Minister of Education in opening negotiations.

For a start, the teachers will refuse to submit reports on school progress or have any direct contact with Ministry personnel, eventually working up to a general strike if talks do not begin soon, he said.

The Minister had broken his promise of some time ago to begin negotiations shortly, he added.

## Latin American Immigrants House

TEL AVIV.—The cornerstone of Beit for the American Immigrants House was laid on Friday.

The building will contain an auditorium, a library, a restaurant and a "cathedral" for 70 persons.

The Chairman of the Association of Latin Americans in Israel, Mr. Moshe Kitzron, said at the ceremony that funds for the project are being raised by the Association, Latin American Jews, and the Absorption Department of the Jewish Agency. (Him)

## Police Seek Parents Who Left 9 Children

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEVA.—Police have issued a search for the father and mother who last week abandoned their nine children, ranging in age from three months to 12 years. The 12-year-old daughter yesterday came to police and appealed for help.

Last Monday, the mother brought the children to the local public health office and left them there, saying that the social welfare department had stopped supporting them. The children were sent home the same day but two days later the father abandoned them as well.

The children are for the time being under the care of the social welfare department. The family name is being withheld by police.

## New Jewish Encyclopedia To Appear Here in English

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—A new ten-volume Jewish Encyclopedia in English will be ready in four or five years. Printed in Israel, it will be distributed in Great Britain by Macmillan and Co., and in the U.S. by Holt, Reinhart and Winston.

Dr. Nahum Goldmann, President of the Zionist Organization, who is also Chairman of the Editorial Board, told a press conference Friday that his two co-chairmen, Dr. Abraham A. Neuman, President of Dropsie College, Philadelphia, and Prof. Ben-Zion Dinur, former Minister of Education, Mr. Ben-Zion Netanyahu is Editor-in-Chief.

Dr. Goldmann's association with the Encyclopedia dates back to Berlin of the early 20's when he headed the "Ehokel" group which produced an Encyclopedia Judaica in German. One volume of the work also appeared in Hebrew, before the Nazis put an end to further publication.

The archives of the Ehokel editorial group are available to the editors of the new venture. Among the items rescued from Germany are the books of special Jewish appeal.

Mr. Stanley Burnshaw, Vice-President of Holt, Reinhart and Winston, Inc., the New York publishing house, is spending two weeks here in connection with the publication of the Encyclopedia.

## Kibbutz Journalist, M. Hartvig, Dies at 66

HAIFA.—Magna Hartvig, 66, Kibbutz Daphna, died on Friday at the age of 66, after a prolonged and severe illness.

A well-known newspaperwoman in Denmark, she remained a contributor to the Danish press and to The Jerusalem Post following her immigration to Israel in 1948.

In her youth she had worked for the Danish Foreign Office and also served as Secretary to the Scandinavian Zionist Organization.

Miss Hartvig was a relative of Professor Niels Bohr, the Nobel Prize winner. She has no family in Israel.

## With deep sorrow we announce the passing away of our fellow member

**Magna Hartvig**

in her 66th year.

The funeral took place on Friday, January 13, 1961, at Kibbutz Daphna.

## KIBBUTZ DAPHNA

THE REMAINS of the late Zionist leader, Dr. Yechiel Tschlenow (1883-1918), who died in 1918, were reinterred today in the Old Cemetery in Tel Aviv.

The coffin arrived from London Thursday, and the public may pay its respects at the Haimin Theatre from 10.00 a.m. to 12.00.

## Professor Protest

Nine Hebrew University professors and a noted writer who are members of Mafal have added their names to the group of intellectuals in Jerusalem who last week warned against "The danger of democracy inherent in the methods being used by the Prime Minister's supporters in their fight against Mr. Lavon."

The new signatories are: Prof. Martin Buber, H.S. Bergmann, I. Halperin, Yehoshua Taubman, I. Levi, Yehoshua Peretz, Ernst Simon, Alvan Peri and Reim Ben-Zion, and Mr. Mordechai Tabak, the author.

## Every Thursday

**MIHAL HAPAYIS DRAWING**

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**Magna Hartvig**

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**KIBBUTZ DAPHNA**

## Rosen Pledged for Conciliation Wrote B-G Urging Peace Move

The Minister of Justice, Mr. Pinhas Rosen, last week appealed personally to the Prime Minister to make some conciliatory move to end the Lavon affair.

In a letter to Mr. Ben-Gurion, Mr. Rosen wrote: "If you are prepared to listen to the advice of a man who regards himself as capable of giving faithful counsel, this is it: things have come to such a pass that you would do well to make some conciliatory step which would surprise even your own party by its boldness."

In making this letter public on Friday, Mr. Rosen said he had sent it on January 7. Mr. Ben-Gurion had replied the following day in a letter whose text he revealed at Thursday's meeting of the Knesset Central Committee.

Mr. Rosen—Chairman of the special Seven-Man Ministerial Committee—that he was not a member of the Committee and believed the conclusions represent a miscarriage of justice.

Further Enquiry No Use

Mr. Rosen advised Mr. Ben-Gurion that a further enquiry into the affair could arrive at no conclusion but the one already reached by the Ministerial Committee—i.e., that the Senior Officer had given the order in an irresponsible fashion, without having received any clear order from Mr. Lavon.

Mr. Rosen continued, "I remember that Weizmann once said during a serious crisis that he would abide by the decision. You could have followed his example."

"The public does not expect that you will identify yourself with the conclusions of the Committee of Seven but that you will abide by the decision."

Double Standard

The next day, Mr. Rosen received a reply from Mr. Ben-Gurion pointing out that the Committee of Seven had investigated the past of the Senior Officer but had not enquired into the conduct of the man who was the officer's opponent—Lavon—prior to the 1954 mishap.

Mr. Rosen said he had not planned to attend the meeting. But after having read the Prime Minister's statement, which he referred to as "the pamphlet," in the special edition of the evening papers that day, he had decided to come to see "what sort of a closed meeting this really was."

Mr. Lavon went on to relate how he had decided to renew his demand for clearance of the responsibility for giving the order for the action that led to the "Mishap." He divulged that at the meeting with Mr. Ben-Gurion last September, after having told him that he was not a member of the Knesset Security Committee, Mr. Ben-Gurion had suggested that he appear before the Cabinet and make a statement on the latest developments in the case. Mr. Lavon refused, declaring that such a statement would be inconclusive and would not solve a thing.

Mr. Lavon said he had every right to object to being tried by a committee headed by Justice Haim Cohn, whom he had at one time

wanted to dismiss from his post as Attorney-General. "It is not a matter of pride or of honor," he said, "but of justice. I do not want to be judged by a man who was once my subordinate."

He explained that he had been asked to resign as Minister of Defence in 1954 because he had not been able to find any new evidence to back up his claim that he was innocent of the suspicions against him. But he had renewed his demand for justice when he finally obtained such evidence earlier in 1960.

Without the introduction of any new legal evidence, said as new testimony or new documents, the demand for the constituting of another inquiry committee is "simply an unjust demand for vengeance," he declared.

Elaborating on how he had come into possession of the evidence that had persuaded him to renew his demands for justice, Mr. Lavon related that a former Army officer had convinced him that he had been apparently been committed to prove that he, Lavon, had given the order in 1954. He added that he had brought this new evidence to the attention of the Prime Minister and that was how the new investigation into the affair had started.

Switches Story

"How is it," he asked, "that this same man who had brought me this evidence, a man who had a glorious record in Aliyah Bet, in the Hagana and in the Palmach, eight months later gave new testimony before the Attorney-General to the effect that I had apparently lost my mind, and when he presented me with the evidence for which I had been waiting for five long years, I off-handedly told him that it was I who had given the order to the former Senior Officer?"

How is it that such a man turns about to tell such a stupid lie? Mr. Lavon asked—and added pointedly that this had happened not in 1954, but in 1960 "when you (Mr. Ben-Gurion) who do not flinch from the verdict of history were Minister of Defence." He added that a member of the present Cabinet had later told him that the man had confessed to him before giving evidence that he was being subjected to heavy pressure.

At Bnei Yehuda, Jerusalem

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## Highest Mount Capped by Road

Jerusalem Post Reporter

SAFAD.—The last link of the new highway over Israel's highest mountain, Mt. Meron, was forged on Friday by hundreds of J.N.F. workers using tons of high explosives. Within a fortnight, vehicular traffic using front wheel drive should be able to come within some 100 metres of the 1,208 metre peak.

The six-km-long road will lead over the "saddle" between the twin peaks, from where hikers on foot may then ascend to the top. Some 200 dumpings of oak and cedar woods, enclosing the remains of the ancient Hebrew village known as Khirbet el Jermak, will be set aside as a nature reserve.

The new road will link eastern and western Galilee. It branches off from the northern frontier road near Kibbutz Saana, and ends at Meron village.

Five Would-Be Border Crossers Get 2 Months

ASHKELON.—Five young men who were caught on their way to Gaza last month were sentenced to two months imprisonment on Thursday by Judge E. Hahay in Southern District Magistrate's Court.

The five, who chose all on grounds that they could not afford the fine, were picked up by an Army patrol two weeks ago near Kibbutz Yad Mordecai. They were charged with attempting to leave the country illegally.

They are: Khalid Hassan Mahagna, 18, of Umm el Fahm; Selim Salah Musaa Gamel, 18, of Nazareth; Ibrahim Far Muhammad Zeidat, 21, of Saknin; Munir George Hawa, 17, of Kabri; and Nimr Fuad Nimr Wakim, 20, of Haifa.

## A Lawyer's Life's A Dangerous One

TEL AVIV.—A man who felt that his lawyer was to blame for his failure to win a damages suit and subsequently tried to set him afire in revenge was on Friday sentenced to nine months' imprisonment.

Avraham Kashi, aged 38, from Kiryat Shalem, told the District Court that he had engaged the lawyer of the Tel Aviv Labour Council, Mr. Zvi Ya'acovi, to handle a damages suit for injuries suffered in a work accident. In the course of the hearings in October 1958, Kashi refused to accept his counsel's advice that he settle the suit out of court, and Mr. Ya'acovi dropped the case.

In the end, Kashi lost the suit. The day the verdict was handed down, he was infuriated and poured the fluid on the lawyer's suit and was about to put a lit match to it when bystanders intervened.

In passing judgment, the court said that while the accused was entitled to considerable sympathy in view of his disappointment, it was impossible to excuse such an action. (Him)

## Haifa Maccabi First to Take Measure of Petah Tikva Hap.

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—Haifa Maccabi yesterday brought off the first victory this season over National League leaders Petah Tikva Hap., gaining an impressive 1:0 win before 10,000 at the Haifa Municipal Stadium.

Tel Aviv Shimshon also pulled off a fine victory in beating Tel Aviv Maccabi 3:1 before 8,000 in Jaffa. Tel Aviv Hap. continued on its point-collecting way, scoring 2:1 win over Petah Tikva Maccabi in Petah Tikva.

Petah Tikva Hap.'s lead has been reduced to only two points above greatly improved Tel Aviv Hap. Shimshon moved back into third, three points behind the leaders, with Tel Aviv Maccabi and Jaffa Maccabi both a point further down.

Tel Aviv Betar already looks doomed to relegation, suffering a 0:1 defeat from Jaffa Maccabi. The Betar team has managed to score but one goal in nine games against 26 for their opponents.

Austrians Win

The Grass team of Austria scored a 2:1 win over Tel Aviv Hap. at Ramat Gan yesterday morning. Although the Austrians were the better team in most departments, it was Hap. which took the lead in the 24th minute with a goal by Borenstein. A minute later Schorsch, the visiting inside-right, levelled scores and in the 57th minute outside-left Sagran scored the winner. Outstanding man on the field was Grass's goalie Friedel, who played a magnificent game, saving many dangerous situations. Kadosh also shone in the Haifa goal.

In Haifa, the local Maccabi was on top for most of the game against Petah Tikva, and with a little more accurate shooting could have cracked in several more goals. The team's only goal was scored by Shapiro from a 25-metre free kick in the 4th minute. Petah Tikva Hap. was weakened by the absence of Kitzabi, and an injury in the third minute to Nahari, who was forced to leave the field.

At Bnei Yehuda, Jerusalem

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## Synagogue Robbed In South London

LONDON.—A Brighton Synagogue, the largest and most important synagogue in south London, was robbed late Thursday night.

The synagogue itself was left undamaged and was not desecrated in any way, but the Ark of the Law was forced and six breastplates, two hollow silver crowns and a silver pointer were stolen.

Much wilful damage was done in the offices, however, where paintings were slashed, ink splashed over the walls and furniture broken. The total loss from stolen articles and damage is an estimated £500.

Scotland Yard told The Jerusalem Post that it is believed this was not an anti-Semitic outrage but simply burglary by young delinquents.

The same synagogue was set on fire and partly burnt down a few years ago. It was restored only recently. Last year, anti-Semitic slogans were daubed on the walls.

## Expatriate Polish Jews Meet in T.A.

TEL AVIV.—The four-day world convention of "Former Polish Jews" opened at a packed Mann Auditorium here last night. Some 200 delegates from the U.S. Latin America and Western Europe are participating in the convention, which was called to lay plans for united action on reparations.

Delegates from Poland itself had earlier ended their intention not to attend. Greetings to the Polish Government were sent from the convention opening by the chairman, Mr. Reiss.

Mr. Namir brought the greetings of the City and Tel Aviv Chief Rabbi Uriel Tannenbaum to the convention. Dr. Nahum Goldmann, President of the World Zionist Organization, was scheduled to address the opening but was not present because of sickness.

## Four Years' Jail For Theft of Beduin Veil

Two Beduin who robbed a silver and gold encrusted veil were on Friday sentenced to four years' jail each by the Jerusalem District Court.

The accused, Salah Muhann and Faraj Abu-Kadar, pleaded guilty, but claimed that they had taken the veil in settlement of a debt owed them by the woman's husband.

They entered the tent of the woman, Sabina Batat, and at gunpoint, removed the veil from her face. Her husband, aged 60, witnessed the robbery but was powerless to resist.

The prosecution claimed the silver and gold coins interlarded in the veil were worth some £1,000. Some of the coins were found buried in the tent of one of the accused. (Him)

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## INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

## Kishon Port to Be Equipped To Handle 7,000-Ton Ships

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—The introduction of larger ships by Mediterranean shippers has resulted in a modification in the plans for Kishon harbour; two additional berths will now be built to accommodate vessels of up to 7,000 tons instead of the present 3,000 tons.

This was stated Friday by Mr. Avraham Papper, Manager of the Kishon Department in the Haifa Port Authority, at the luncheon meeting of the Engineers and Architects Association.

Mr. Papper said the original plans for Kishon harbour were drawn up 10 years ago when most Mediterranean shipping companies favoured smaller ships. The trend has since been reversed, he said. Plans for the two additional berths had consequently been modified so that they would have a quayside depth of nine metres.

Over £1.5m. has so far been invested in the port, of which only £1.3m. was spent on actual construction work. The remainder went to the Jewish National Fund and to private land owners as compensation for their requisited properties.

Only 1,300 dunams out of the total 4,000-dunam development area have been exploited so far.

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## YECHIEL TSCHLENOW SAID 'NO'

### Russian Zionist Fought for Practical Work in Palestine

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

**YESTERDAY'S PRESS**

**COALITION CRACKING**

Barer's (Abdus Haval's) title: "The citizens of Israel are asking themselves not only if a Government disgraced by its head can be trusted to lead a country that damage may be done to the character of the country and the regime in view of the manifestations of its head-handedness and strife revealed in this document." Mr. Ben-Gurion is attempting to establish a precedent in his party in order to receive from it the authority to establish a government of national unity. This is the real meaning of the unprecedented document that he published. If Mapai is to be the nucleus of a most unfortunate and far-reaching change in its character and in the relationship within the "Labour movement."

**Al Hamishmar (Mapam)** asks: "Does Mr. Ben-Gurion have the right to act as if

the last I left the hall, not its conclusions because this would mean the cancellation

YOHANAN BOEHM  
**New Pianist**

...*Sonatina Canonica* su

[illegible]

lazi, with its brilliant plan-  
tic fireworks. Mr. Broder  
asker, an admirable tech-

with its brilliant planning and its brilliant execution, possesses an admirable technique; he convinces his audience by mastering all technical difficulties with ease. Perhaps this is the reason chosen for this purpose, for the List and the works of a programme, second part provided many such opportunities.

In the three Italian composers' pieces he gave special attention to the fluency of the music. It was a thrill, both pleasant and surprising, to List's shyness. A Leggerezza was rendered in sparkling style, with many of the composer's inventions and the broadness of conception of Alderico Toccata, as well as the "Rococo" composition, suitably.

Broderick.

Despite his good qualities, a young artist lacks the abi-

Despite his god qualities, a young artist lacks the ability to capture the emotional mood of the works performed. The very moment technique alone becomes self purpose, the performance is humbled to a mere handicraft instead of being an inspired art.

*G.W.E.*

**בלל.בלל.בלל.בלל.בלל.בלל.**

**בכלל. בכלל. בכלל. בכלל. בכלל.**

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**T**HE mortal remains of Yechiel Tachlenow have been buried in the Jewish cemetery in the East Bronx (Bronx), and considered the proposal a dangerous illusion. He declared that the Zionists were also a fighter for the Jewish people.

Yechiel Tschlenow, born on September 29, 1885, in Kremenchug, was the son of a Jewish doctor. When he was a great difficulty he persuaded his parents to send him to the United States. He was attracted by Socialism and the way to assimilation seemed as life before him. But when he learned of the Russian pogroms, and his love for Zion was aroused by the Jewish Nationalist Movement, he left. A few students, Tschlenow and Ussishkin among them, were in London at the time. He was convinced that Britain would help the Zionists to colonize Palestine and that the World Jewish Congress would begin with the purchase of land. He had been a member of the P.O. but gradually discarded the views of Abad Ha'em, who had gone so far as to say that the Jews should be "a nation of agricultural workers in Palestine."

Our aim, our plans, are different from those of the P.O.," he wrote in his pamphlet, "Five Years of Work in Palestine," published in 1920. During the First World War the Zionist headquarters were moved from Vienna to London, and Tschlenow and other members of the Executive were in favour of strict neutrality. The P.O. wanted the B.Z.O. to continue its activities in almost every country. Nahum Sokolow was the first to leave the Executive came to London first, to be followed by Tschlenow, and there, to the surprise of the P.O. and the leaders of the English Zionist Federation, they

people, signed by 85,000 Jews in England and Wales. The historical dates were stressed: August 29, 1897 when the Zionist Organization was founded, and November 2, 1917—Balfour Day.

When Tschlenow returned to the United States in 1918, in London, the whole Jewish world mourned him. In the name of the Executive, the P.O. had promised that his body would be taken to Israel. Now the promise is being fulfilled.

chairman. Soon afterwards he became the secretary of the

respected physician in Moscow, and he had been bedeviled, with dirty mattresses. We had to search frantically round the *Kibbutz* for a place to sleep on some chairs. We were given some torn blankets and one pair of shoes. There were no locks on doors or cupboards (as a result some money was later stolen from the *Kibbutz* by the *Ussians*). When it rained, water leaked through the roof and the furniture was ruined.

No preparations whatsoever seemed to have been made for the coming of the Jewish Agency.

I simply cannot conceive that it is impossible for the

with all questions raised by the Jewish Colonial Bank, the Jewish National Fund, gracelessly refused to answer them. Apparently he belonged to the opposition within the Zionist Organization.

"This crisis arose in Zichron at the Sixth Zionist Congress in Basle 1906," Herzl wrote. "The Zionists considered Uganda for Jewish colonization. True, this is not Herzl, and never will be. Herzl died when Tachibane heard for the first time of the offer

tures which can be compared to the luxury of the capitalist countries; why is there a need for hundreds of elegant coffee-houses? Why do we have men and women from whence do the people, who sit in them day after day, including *cero Shabbat*, come?

We never saw a European newspaper, unless we were given one by persons among the *bosoverim*. There was no room where one could study or read quietly, or listen to the radio. Our only chance


enthusiastic. He stood up and solemnly recited "Sheheche-

any of the

ptions to

associations

In a cold, leaking attic, because that's how I lived,



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